

bad condition, and in many cases not labelled, and sometimes incorrectly. Amongst them is a North-American Woodpecker (*Melanerpes erythrocephalus*) and a South-American Cuckoo (*Coccyzus pumilus*), which can hardly have been obtained in the Canaries. Of the peculiar Canarian forms there are but few representatives, for example, only one (imperfect) specimen of *Fringilla teydea*. It is very desirable that steps should be taken to reorganize this Collection.

Dr. Selater was informed that there is a better collection of Canarian Birds at Laguna in Tenerife, now under the care of Dr. Adolfo Cabrera-Pinto, but originally made by Don Anatael Cabrera y Diaz, but unfortunately he had no opportunity of visiting it. For particulars of this collection, cf. Hartert, *Wanderj Naturf.* p. 115.

A discussion on the Avifauna of the Canary Islands took place, in which Dr. DREWITT, Mr. T. PARKIN, and Dr. E. HARTERT took part.

Captain SHELLEY described a new species of Lark from the Sudan as:—

*CALENDULA DUNNI*, n. sp.

*Adult male.* Upper parts rufous buff, shading into pale cinnamon on the wings and upper tail-coverts, the latter extending to the tip of the tail; forehead, crown, and entire mantle striped with bright cinnamon centres to the feathers; tail black, with the outer web of the feathers pale cinnamon, almost white underneath; the four longest primaries with a subterminal black shade not visible on the under surface; under wing-coverts white; sides of head and the under parts white, with a sandy-buff shade on the ear-coverts and sides of neck, crop, and sides of body. Bill, tarsi, feet, and claws apparently flesh-colour in life. Total length 5·9 inches, culmen 0·55, wing 3·3, tail 2·1, tarsus 0·8.

*Adult female.* Similar to the male, but with the bill shorter and stouter. Total length 5·7 inches, culmen 0·5, wing 3·15, tail 2·1, tarsus 0·8.

*Young.* Differs in having no stripes on the upper parts; feathers of the crown with blackish, subterminal, crescent-

shaped spots; mantle and inner portion of wings uniform pale cinnamon; remainder of wing pale dusky brown, with broad buff edges to the feathers; tail black, with the centre feathers cinnamon and all the others edged with buff; under parts white, with a rufous-buff shade across the crop, which, like the cheeks, is mottled with blackish spots. Total length 3·8 inches, culmen 0·3, wing 2·5, tail 1·1, tarsus 0·7.

*Obs.* The species is here placed in *Calendula* as it has all the characters of that genus mentioned in my "key" to the genera of the Alaudidæ (B. Afr. iii. pp. 16, 17); but it differs from the type of that genus (*C. crassirostris*) in having the end of the bill compressed and sharply pointed.

*Hab.* Ogageh, Sudan, Nov. 20, 1902.

Named after its discoverer, Major W. H. Dunn.

Colonel RIPPON sent for exhibition some apparently new species of birds from the Southern Chin Hills in Burma. He proposed to call them

*ÆTHOPYGA VICTORIÆ*, n. sp.

Similis *Æ. horsfieldi*, sed nitore viridi pilei et faciei saturatiore, potius cyanescenti - chalybeo, distinguenda. Long. tot. circa 6·0 poll., culm. 3·9, alæ 2·0, caudæ 2·5, tarsi 0·55.

*Hab.* Mt. Victoria, S. Chin Hills, March 12, 1904.

*UROCICHLA OATESI*, n. sp.

Similis *U. reptata*, Bingham, sed subtus albescens, maculis paucis nigricantibus notata, abdomine albedo, minime cinereo; regione parotica brunnea, pileo concolore, minime cinerea distinguenda. Long. tot. circa 4·5 poll., culm. 0·5, alæ 1·9, caudæ 1·55, tarsi 0·75.

*Hab.* Mt. Victoria, March 12, 1904.

*TROCHALOPTERUM HOLERYTHROPS*, n. sp.

*T.* simile *T. erythrolæmati*, sed fascia grisea superciliari nulla, capite undique castaneo, collo laterali maculis nigris marmorato, præpectore fulvo cinnamomeo lavato et maculis nigris multis ornato distinguendum: rostro saturate corneo, mandibulæ basi pallidiore; pedibus corneo-brunneis; iride pallide flava. Long. tot. circa 10·5 poll., culm. 1·05, alæ 4·0, caudæ 4·25, tarsi 1·5.

*Hab.* Mt. Victoria, March 15, 1904.